

Factors Negatively Affecting the Development of The Agricultural Economy of Our Country

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Abstract

Agricultural economy maximally satisfies the demand for food security of countries. There is a sector with a developed economy, which shows an increase in the income of the population and the development of the country. If there are factors that have a negative impact on this, it is the need of the hour to eliminate them by developing strategic projects.

Keywords: Extensive , intensive , pesticides , agriculture.

Introduction

Of the countries engaged in agriculture In many cases , contamination of clean water and soil occurs as a result of improper use of pesticides , fertilizers and other toxic substances . As a result, land is eroded in agriculture fertile causing the land to shrink . These problems do not bypass the agriculture of our country . Farmers and peasant farms engaged in the field are reducing the economic efficiency in their activities.

In this, the land use skills of the population engaged in agriculture in obtaining economic efficiency from the land as a result of not being enough , the correct distribution of expenses in planting crops on the land , without taking into account future profits, leads to excessive financial wastage. is being placed.

Currently, agriculturally developed countries use almost drip irrigation and fertilizing crops through this system , preventing soil salinity and receiving high profits from water and fertilizers with economic savings, as a result of our farmers and peasant farms draining water and fertilizers into ditches. excess spending is increasing.

It is extensive in most parts of our country (farming focused only on increasing the quantity, expanding the size, without paying attention to the quality); land use continues. But today's demand and the way to achieve economic efficiency **intensive** (farming aimed at obtaining a planned profit by saving labor costs without expanding the land area); is the development of agriculture . In this regard, **President Shavkat Mirziyoyev On September 6, a meeting was held on the priorities of the development of agriculture in 2020-2030 .** In it In the following years, a number of works were carried out on the reform of agriculture and the introduction of market mechanisms . The interest increased as a result of the almost 3-fold increase in state procurement prices. Cotton and grain farming has become a real source of income, not a pest.

Textile clusters were established in order to introduce new technologies and innovations , increase labor productivity and wages . Particular importance was paid to the issues of increasing the export potential of the industry and increasing the volume of production of value -added products , and the world experience in this regard was analyzed.

Produces 2,000 dollars worth of produce , 8,000 dollars in Egypt , and 12,000 dollars in Israel. In Uzbekistan , this indicator does not exceed 300 dollars. Always deliver goods of the same standard our products compete in the foreign market due to lack of investment those who said that they can't .

When determining the validity of any economic principle and mechanism, it is first based on theoretical ideas, and then on their implementation. This process is called the deductive method of investigating the problem. When researching and studying the above issue, first of all, information, events, and facts are studied. The process of creating theoretical ideas is called the inductive research method. Therefore, any economic problem implemented in agriculture should first be studied based on its theory, that is, its idea, or based on the implementation of this problem in practice, that is, research based on the creation of an idea or theory based on its situation in practice. Can be carried. In both cases, economic principles, mechanisms, solutions to problems should be effectively defined. Economists call the ideas and assumptions they create or form based on their ideas, guesses, certain events, and data as a hypothesis, that is, an unfounded idea. Scientific or practical hypotheses can be formulated using inductive and deductive research methods. The economic policy and strategy of solving this or that problem is determined using the principles and mechanisms created and formed using the research and study methods mentioned above. Economists should thoroughly study the mechanisms of introduction of the created economic policy and the methods of their implementation. For example, the idea of establishing different forms of property in republican agriculture is based on the theoretical ideas of countries with developed market economy and their solution in practice. Solving the problem in the network is based on the cases, examples and information of the agricultural practice of the republic, and this process is being developed and deepened more and more.

Therefore, it is necessary for economists to create ideas for the formation of free market relations in agriculture and to know the mechanisms of their implementation. It is advisable to use the system of economic-mathematical methods, electronic-calculating machines, and computer equipment on a large scale in researching the goals and tasks of the science of “agricultural economy”. The issues of solving the goals and tasks of science are researched using the above methods based on statistical, normative and economic data.

Due to the fact that the majority of the population engaged in agriculture does not have a higher education , the scientific approach to the field is not sufficient, in order to implement reforms in the training of qualified personnel, in order to train and retrain the population working in farmers and peasant farms , to form the skills of obtaining economic benefits. " Agriculture by introducing the science of economy" in the future, farmers and peasant farms it is possible to improve the economic knowledge skills of employees and increase the economic interests of the population of our country engaged in agriculture .

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